## DRP-Registration Form (to be used with the PCNE Classification V8)

## Patient number ......

Age of patient:		☐ Male	☐ Female
Name of medication :		$\square$ $R_x$	□ отс
Main active substance:		☐ New	☐ Refill
N° of drugs taken: ☐ According to patient ☐ According to medication record			
	<ul><li>by patient</li><li>by pharmacy</li><li>by physician</li></ul>		Date:/
Description & comments:		Time spent on evaluation and intervention : minutes	
		Date outcome	e assessment://
TYPE OF PROBLEM (Cod	de for max. 1 problem <b>)</b>		
CAUSE(S) OF DRP (max	. 3 Codes)		
PLANNED INTERVENTION(S)(Max. 3 codes)			
INTERVENTION ACCEPT	TANCE (Only one code)		
OUTCOME OF INTERVE	NTION (Only one code)		

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE DRP (DRUG-RELATED PROBLEM) REGISTRATION FORM.

- 1. Use only one form for each drug-related problem you detect.
- 2. You may indicate more than one cause for a particular drug-related problem (max 3)
- 3. You may indicate more than one intervention made per drug-related problem (max 3)
- 4. If the patient's age is not known, please estimate the age within a 3 year range
- 5. The drug(s) involved in the drug-related problem are entered under the 'Name of medication' section
- 6. If the ATC-code of the drug is not known, please enter the main active substance or approved / generic name of the medicine
- 7. R<sub>x</sub> relates to a prescribed drug, and OTC relates to products purchased without prescription.
- 8. Complete the section 'New' and 'Refill' only if the medicine involved is a prescribed medicine
- The 'Number of drugs prescribed' refers to the number of different prescription drugs and OTC drugs taken by the patient, according to the patient medication profile or according to the patient
- 10. If the patient initiates the discussion of the (potential) drug-related problem, tick the 'by patient' box in the 'Problem discovered:' section.
  If the (potential) drug-related problem is discovered by a member of the Pharmacy staff, tick the 'by pharmacy' box in the 'Problem discovered:' section.
  If the physician has found a (potential) problem, tick the 'by physician' box in the 'Problem discovered:' section.
- 11. Use the basic classification or the full classification for marking the codes. It is not a good idea to mix the two types without a good reason.
- 12. The 'Time spent on intervention' is the time spent actively involved in dealing with the drugrelated problem. This includes time from the identification of the (potential) problem, time spent in discussion with the patient, with any other health care professional, obtaining information and final communication with the patient about the resolution of the drugrelated problem.