## DRP-Registration Form (to be used with the PCNE Classification V7)

## Patient number ......

Age of patient:		☐ Male	☐ Female
Name of medication :		$\square$ R <sub>x</sub>	□ отс
Main active substance:(ATC-Code(s))		☐ New	☐ Refill
N° of drugs taken: ☐ According to patient ☐ According to medication record			
Problem discovered  by patient by pharma by physicia	асу	Date: .	//
Description & comments:			Time spent on evaluation and intervention :min.
TYPE OF PROBLEM (Code for max. 1 problem)			
CAUSE OF DRP (max. 3 Codes)			
PLANNED INTERVENTION (Max. 3 codes)			
LEVEL OF ACCEPTANCE OF PROPOSED INTERVENTIONS (Only one code)			
OUTCOME OF INTERVENTION (Only one code)			

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE DRP (DRUG-RELATED PROBLEM) REGISTRATION FORM.

- 1. Use only one form for each drug-related problem you detect.
- 2. You may indicate more than one cause for a particular drug-related problem (max 3)
- 3. You may indicate more than one intervention made per drug-related problem (max 3)
- 4. If the patient's age is not known, please estimate the age within a 5 year range
- 5. The drug(s) involved in the drug-related problem are entered under the 'Name of medication' section
- 6. If the ATC-code of the drug is not known, please enter the main active substance or approved / generic name of the medicine
- 7.  $R_x$  relates to a prescribed drug, and OTC relates to products purchased without prescription.
- 8. Complete the section 'New' and 'Refill' only if the medicine involved is a prescribed medicine
- 9. If the patient initiates the discussion of the drug problem, tick the 'by patient' box in the 'Problem discovered:' section.

  If the drug problem is discovered by a member of the Pharmacy staff, tick the 'by pharmacy
  - If the drug problem is discovered by a member of the Pharmacy staff, tick the 'by pharmacy' box in the 'Problem discovered:' section
- 10. The 'Number of drugs prescribed' refers to the number of different prescription drugs taken by the patient, according to the patient medication profile or according to the patient
- 11. The 'Time spent on intervention' is the time spent actively involved in dealing with the drug problem. This includes time from the identification of the drug problem, time spent in discussion with the patient, with any other health care professional, obtaining information and final communication with the patient at the resolution of the drug-related problem.